

## Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe Forum for Security Co-operation

FSC.DEC/10/11 28 September 2011

Original: ENGLISH

657th Plenary Meeting

FSC Journal No. 663, Agenda item 5

## DECISION No. 10/11 VIENNA DOCUMENT PLUS UPDATING THE TITLE AND INTRODUCTION OF THE VIENNA DOCUMENT 1999

The Forum for Security Co-operation (FSC),

Guided by FSC Decision No. 1/10, establishing a procedure for incorporating relevant FSC decisions into the Vienna Document,

Taking the text of the Vienna Document 1999 as the basis for amendments and additions.

## Decides:

- That this VD PLUS decision shall enter into force when a special FSC meeting will adopt a decision to reissue the new Vienna Document;
- To update the title and the introduction of the Vienna Document 1999 (paragraphs 1 to 8) to read as follows:

## VIENNA DOCUMENT 2011 ON CONFIDENCE- AND SECURITY-BUILDING MEASURES

The participating States of the Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe (OSCE): Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Canada, Croatia, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece, the Holy See, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, the Russian Federation, San Marino, Serbia, the Slovak Republic, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Turkey, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, the United Kingdom, the United States of America and Uzbekistan have adopted the following Document on Confidence- and Security-Building Measures (CSBMs).

- The participating States recall that the aim of the Conference on Confidenceand Security-Building Measures and Disarmament in Europe, as set out in the Concluding Documents of the Madrid, Vienna and Helsinki Follow-up Meetings of the CSCE, is, as a substantial and integral part of the multilateral process initiated by the Conference on Security and Co-operation in Europe, to undertake, in stages, new, effective and concrete actions designed to make progress in strengthening confidence and security and in achieving disarmament, so as to give effect and expression to the duty of the participating States to refrain from the threat or use of force in their mutual relations as well as in their international relations in general.
- (3) The participating States recall the declaration on Refraining from the Threat or Use of Force contained in paragraphs 9 to 27 of the Document of the Stockholm Conference and stress its continuing validity, as seen in the light of the Charter of Paris for a New Europe and the Charter for European Security adopted at the Istanbul Summit in 1999.
- (4) In fulfilment of the Charter of Paris for a New Europe of 1990, the Programme for Immediate Action set out in the Helsinki Document 1992, and the Framework for Arms Control adopted by the Lisbon Summit in 1996, the participating States continued the CSBMs negotiations under the same mandate.
- (5) On 17 November 1990, the participating States adopted the Vienna Document 1990, which built upon and added to the CSBMs contained in the Document of the Stockholm Conference 1986. On 4 March 1992, the participating States adopted the Vienna Document 1992, which built upon and added to the CSBMs contained in the Vienna Document 1990. On 28 November 1994, the participating States similarly adopted the Vienna Document 1994. On 16 November 1999, the participating States adopted the Vienna Document 1999 at the Istanbul Summit, which incorporated a set of new CSBMs.
- (6) The participating States recall Ministerial Council Decision No. 16/09, adopted at Athens in 2009, which called on the Forum for Security Co-operation to explore ways to strengthen the OSCE's politico-military toolbox, with particular attention to arms control and CSBMs instruments, including the Vienna Document 1999; FSC Decision No. 1/10 of 2010 on updating, as necessary, and revising the Vienna Document on a regular basis and reissuing it every five years or more frequently, starting not later than 2011; and the Astana Commemorative Declaration adopted at the Astana Summit in 2010 calling for a revitalizing, updating and modernizing of arms control and CSBMs regimes and looking forward to the updating of the Vienna Document.
- (7) The participating States recognise that the mutually complementary CSBMs adopted in the present Document serve by their scope and nature and by their implementation to strengthen confidence and security among them.