



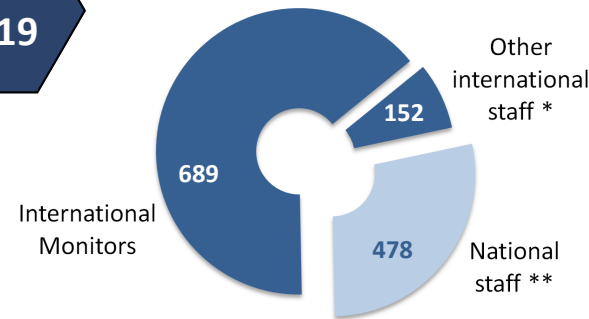
SMM patrolling near Severodonetsk, Luhansk region (OSCE SMM)

FACTS MATTER

- Between 24 January and 6 February 2022, the SMM recorded a slight increase in the number of ceasefire violations – 3,323 compared with 3,049 in the previous two-week period.
- The Mission’s freedom of movement was restricted 17 times, including 15 instances in non-government-controlled areas. Members of the armed formations [twice denied](#) the SMM passage near Stanytsia Luhanska, Luhansk region.
- SMM unmanned aerial vehicles (UAVs) experienced signal interference, assessed as caused by probable jamming and jamming on 84 occasions, while flying on both sides of the contact line. On four occasions, SMM UAVs were assessed as targeted by small-arms fire: once in non-government-controlled area and three times while flying between positions of the Ukrainian Armed Forces and positions of the armed formations. On one occasion, soldiers of the Ukrainian Armed Forces [threatened to shoot down an SMM mini-UAV](#).
- The Mission continued to monitor the disengagement areas near Stanytsia Luhanska, Zolote and Petrivske. It recorded no ceasefire violations inside the area of Stanytsia Luhanska, and 43 outside the area but within 5km of its periphery. It recorded one ceasefire violation inside the disengagement area near Zolote, and 390 outside the area but within 5km of its periphery, marking a significant decrease in ceasefire violations inside and near the area near Zolote between 24 and 30 January. The SMM recorded no ceasefire violations inside the disengagement area near Petrivske, and observed people inside the area between 31 January and 6 February.
- The Mission observed a significant decrease of heavy weapons in violation of withdrawal lines and an increase of such weapons beyond withdrawal lines, especially in training areas in non-government-controlled areas of Luhansk region.
- The SMM recorded ceasefire violations attributable to the use of weapons that should have been withdrawn according to the Minsk agreements: five impacts of mortar rounds observed on 24 January near government-controlled Chernenko, Donetsk region, and an explosion of a mortar round registered on 2 February south-west of non-government-controlled Molodizhne.
- The Mission corroborated reports of a civilian casualty: a 56-year-old man suffering a leg injury as a result of small-arms fire on 29 January 2022 in the western part of non-government-controlled Oleksandrivka, Donetsk region. This is the first civilian casualty corroborated by the Mission in 2022.
- The Mission spotted a crater and damage to four containers and a concrete wall at the entry-exit checkpoint (EECP) near government-controlled Hnutove. The SMM assessed the crater and damage as recent and caused by an unidentified explosive device and fragmentation damage. Since the beginning of 2022, the Mission has confirmed damage to nine civilian objects, five in government-controlled areas of Donetsk region, and four in non-government-controlled areas of Luhansk region.
- The SMM continued to facilitate the operations of the Donetsk Filtration Station, which provides water to 380,000 civilians on both sides of the contact line. Since the beginning of 2022, the SMM facilitated and monitored maintenance and repair of eleven civilian infrastructure sites on both sides of the contact line (ten in Donetsk region and one in Luhansk region).
- The SMM’s daily reports are available in three languages (English, Ukrainian and Russian) on the OSCE website: www.osce.org/ukraine-smm/reports.

TOTAL
1,319

MISSION MEMBERS as of 7 February 2022



* Other international staff includes Chief Monitor, two Deputy Chief Monitors, advisors, analysts, etc.
** National staff includes assistants, advisors and administrative personnel.

SPECIAL MONITORING MISSION TO UKRAINE

Who we are

- Unarmed civilian monitors;
- Around 689 monitors across Ukraine;
- Around 515 based in the east;
- From 43 OSCE participating States.

What we do

- Report the facts as we observe and establish them;
- Gather information and report on the security situation;
- Report on the humanitarian situation and people’s needs, and facilitate the delivery of humanitarian aid of other organizations;
- Help to establish dialogue and local ceasefires.

Important to understand:

- It is up to the sides to stop the fighting;
- We do not conduct investigations, but report on facts;
- We do not deliver but facilitate the delivery of humanitarian aid.

MISSION MONITORS

Albania	8	Kyrgyzstan	33
Armenia	2	Latvia	5
Austria	6	Lithuania	1
Azerbaijan	2	Moldova	33
Belarus	6	Mongolia	2
Belgium	2	Montenegro	3
Bosnia and Herzegovina	51	Netherlands	7
Bulgaria	39	North Macedonia	27
Canada	27	Norway	10
Croatia	12	Poland	22
Czech Republic	11	Romania	29
Denmark	10	Russian Federation	24
Estonia	2	Serbia	14
Finland	16	Slovakia	13
France	17	Spain	7
Georgia	23	Sweden	13
Germany	31	Switzerland	3
Greece	21	Tajikistan	14
Hungary	14	Turkey	10
Ireland	9	United Kingdom	40
Italy	11	United States	56
Kazakhstan	3		
		TOTAL	689
Male	538	Female	151