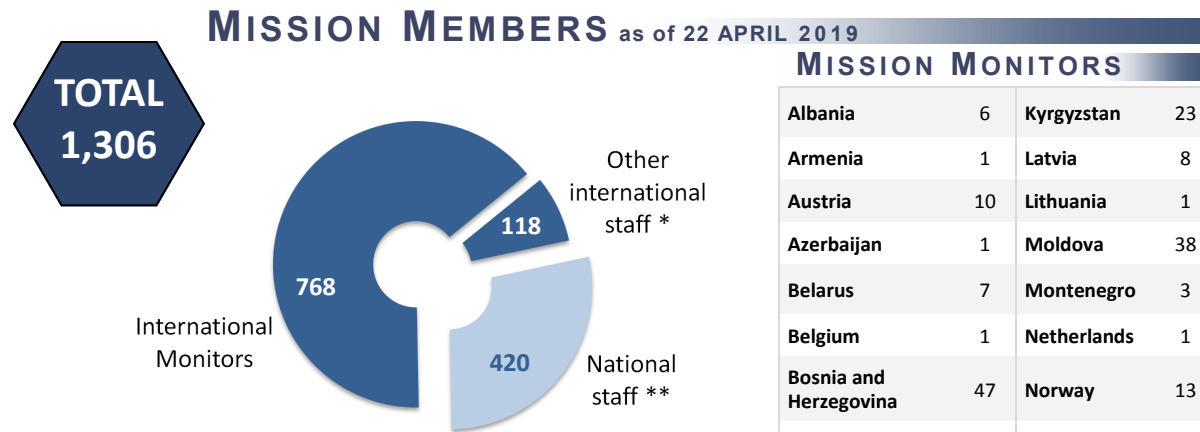




An SMM long-range unmanned aerial vehicle  
(Photo credit: OSCE/Evgeniy Maloletka)

## FACTS MATTER

- Between 8 and 21 April, the SMM confirmed that two civilians were killed and nine were injured. This brings the total number of civilian casualties since 1 January 2019 to 31 (five deaths and 26 injuries).
- The SMM recorded over 13,000 ceasefire violations (about 14,700 in the previous two-week period); and observed 270 weapons in violation of the agreed withdrawal lines (218 in areas not controlled by the Government).
- The situation in and close to the Zolote disengagement area remained volatile, with the Mission observing fresh impacts near residential buildings – with an 11-year old girl receiving injuries in one instance – and damage to a functioning school. Pupils and staff had to take cover in the school’s shelter on one occasion when shelling occurred as classes were underway. The Mission also observed mines, personnel, positions and hardware inside the disengagement area.
- The Mission continued to face restrictions on its freedom of movement and other impediments to fulfilment of its Mandate. In addition to mines and unexploded ordnance, members of the armed formations restricted the SMM’s freedom of movement on 46 occasions and the Ukrainian Armed Forces six times.
- Targeting of SMM unmanned aerial vehicles (UAV) has continued. Small-arms fire was directed towards SMM UAVs on five occasions. One mini-UAV was hit by a bullet. Almost on a daily basis, SMM UAVs were subjected to signal interference (assessed as jamming). A long-range UAV was lost on 19 April close to the contact line in Donetsk region. It is the third such aircraft to be lost in six months.
- On 21 April, during the second round of the presidential election, the SMM observed a calm security situation in Kyiv, Kherson, Mykolaiv, Odessa, Lviv, Ivano-Frankivsk, Zakarpattia, Kharkiv, Dnipropetrovsk, Vinnytsia, and Chernivtsi regions, as well as in government-controlled areas of Donetsk and Luhansk regions, including at entry-exit checkpoints.
- The SMM’s daily reports are available in three languages (English, Ukrainian and Russian) on the OSCE website: <https://www.osce.org/ukraine-smm/reports>.



\* Other international staff includes Chief Monitor, Deputy Chief Monitor, advisors, analysts, etc.

\*\* National staff includes assistants, advisors and other administrative personnel.

## MISSION MONITORS

Albania	6	Kyrgyzstan	23
Armenia	1	Latvia	8
Austria	10	Lithuania	1
Azerbaijan	1	Moldova	38
Belarus	7	Montenegro	3
Belgium	1	Netherlands	1
Bosnia and Herzegovina	47	Norway	13
Bulgaria	42	Poland	34
Canada	27	Portugal	2
Croatia	10	Republic of North Macedonia	27
Czech Republic	13	Romania	30
Denmark	11	Russian Federation	37
Estonia	2	Serbia	12
Finland	22	Slovakia	10
France	15	Slovenia	1
Georgia	22	Spain	11
Germany	35	Sweden	26
Greece	20	Switzerland	7
Hungary	21	Tajikistan	13
Ireland	9	Turkey	10
Italy	22	United Kingdom	56
Kazakhstan	4	United States	57
		<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>768</b>
Male	610	Female	158

## SPECIAL MONITORING MISSION TO UKRAINE

### Who we are

- Unarmed civilian monitors;
- Around 800 monitors across Ukraine;
- Around 600 based in the east;
- From 44 OSCE participating States.

### What we do

- Report the facts as we observe and establish them;
- Gather information and report on the security situation;
- Report on the humanitarian situation and people’s needs, and facilitate the delivery of humanitarian aid of other organizations;
- Help to establish dialogue and local ceasefires.

### Important to understand:

- It is up to the sides to stop the fighting;
- We do not conduct investigations, but report on facts;
- We do not deliver but facilitate the delivery of humanitarian aid.