

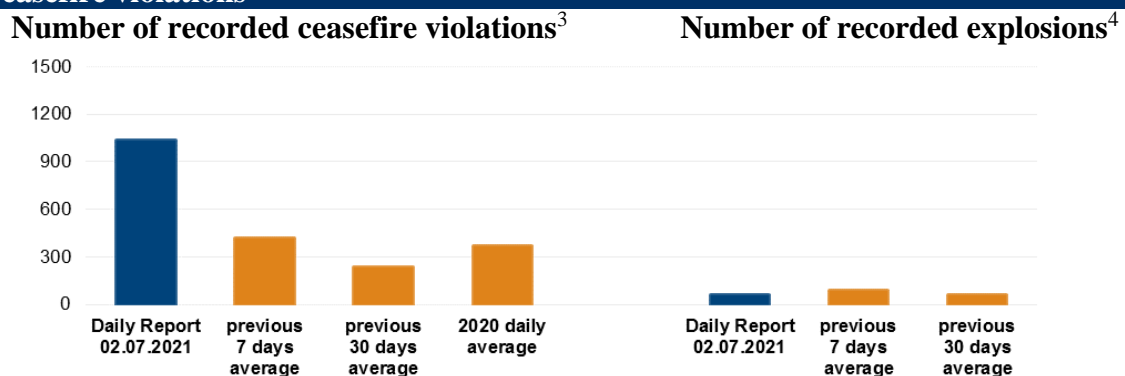
Daily Report 152/2021

2 July 2021¹

Summary

- In Donetsk region, the SMM recorded 927 ceasefire violations, including 40 explosions. In the previous reporting period, it recorded 78 ceasefire violations in the region.
- In Luhansk region, the Mission recorded 111 ceasefire violations, including 17 explosions. In the previous reporting period, it recorded 84 ceasefire violations in the region.
- The SMM followed up on reports of a man injured due to small-arms fire near Avdiivka, Donetsk region, and three men injured due to the detonation of explosive objects near Slovianoserbsk, Luhansk region.
- The Mission continued monitoring the disengagement areas near Stanytsia Luhanska, Zolote and Petrivske.
- The SMM facilitated and monitored adherence to localized ceasefires to enable the operation of critical civilian infrastructure.
- The Mission continued following up on the situation of civilians, including at four entry-exit checkpoints and four corresponding checkpoints of the armed formations in Donetsk and Luhansk regions.
- The SMM monitored border areas outside government control in Donetsk region and observed no change in the security situation.
- The Mission's freedom of movement continued to be restricted, including at a checkpoint of the armed formations in southern Donetsk region. Its UAVs again experienced instances of GPS signal interference.

Ceasefire violations²



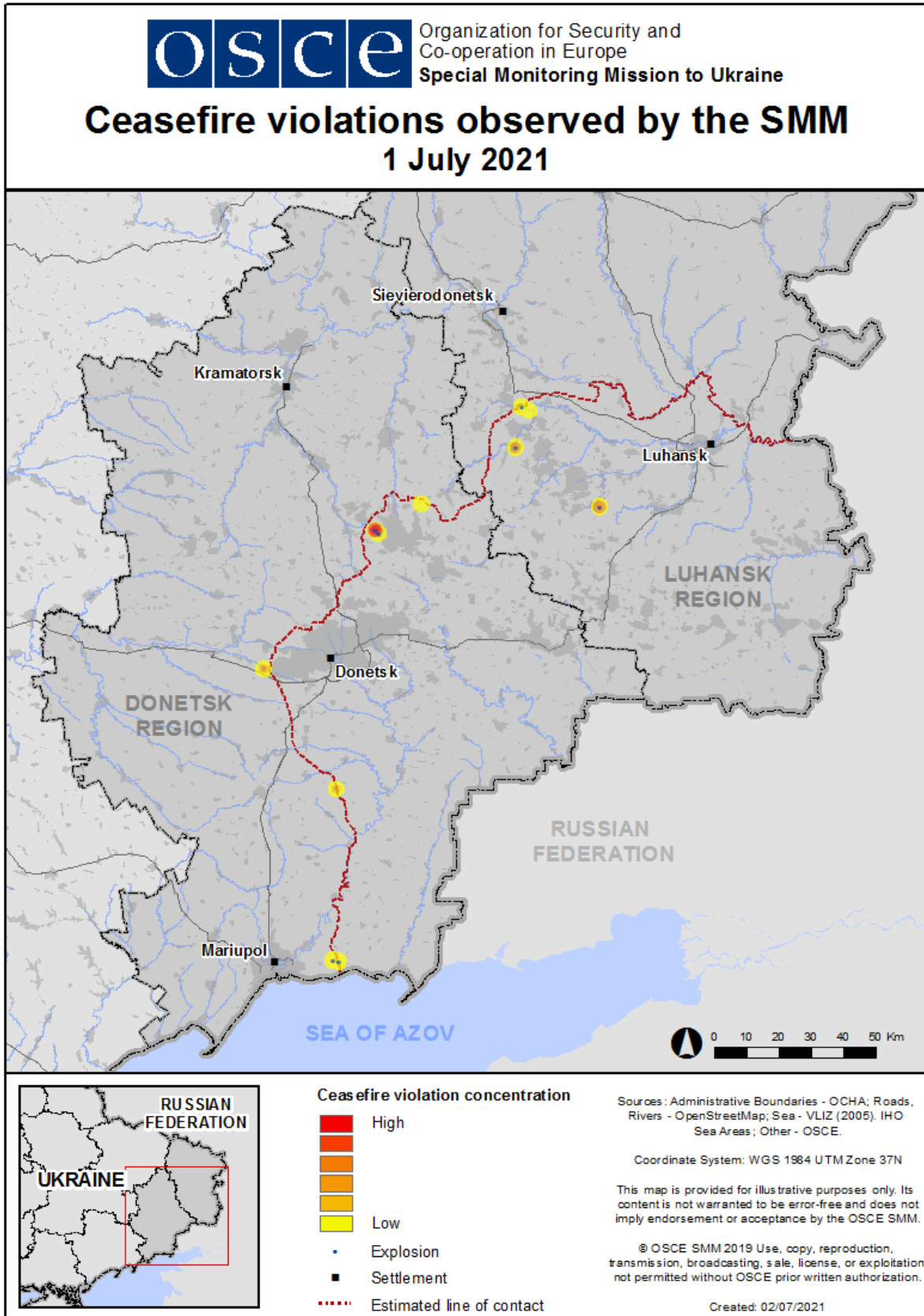
¹ Based on information from the Monitoring Teams as of 19:30, 1 July 2021. All times are in Eastern European Summer Time.

² For a complete breakdown of ceasefire violations, please see the annexed table. During the reporting period, the SMM cameras in Petrivske, near Hnutove and at the Oktiabr mine were not operational.

³ Including explosions.

⁴ Including from unidentified weapons.

Map of recorded ceasefire violations



In Donetsk region, the SMM recorded 927 ceasefire violations, including 40 explosions (one impact and 39 undetermined). The majority of ceasefire violations occurred in areas north-west of Horlivka (non-government-controlled, 39km north-east of Donetsk). In the [previous reporting period](#), the Mission recorded 78 ceasefire violations, some of which were recorded in areas west of Horlivka.

In Luhansk region, the SMM recorded 111 ceasefire violations, including 17 explosions (12 outgoing tank rounds and five undetermined). The majority of ceasefire violations occurred in an area south of Buhaiivka (non-government-controlled, 37km south-west of Luhansk) and were assessed as a live-fire exercise outside the security zone. In the [previous reporting period](#), the Mission recorded 84 ceasefire violations.

Following agreement reached at the meeting of the Trilateral Contact Group on 22 July 2020 regarding additional measures to strengthen the ceasefire, from 00:01 on 27 July 2020 until the end of the reporting period, the SMM has recorded at least 40,719 ceasefire violations in both Donetsk and Luhansk regions (including 12,256 explosions, 6,401 projectiles in flight, 237 muzzle flashes, 127 illumination flares and at least 21,698 bursts and shots).

A man injured due to small-arms fire near government-controlled Avdiivka, Donetsk region, and three men injured due to the detonation of explosive objects near non-government-controlled Slovianoserbsk, Luhansk region

The SMM followed up on reports of a man injured on 19 June 2021 in Avdiivka (government-controlled, 17km north of Donetsk).

On 21 June, a man (in his thirties) told the Mission over the phone that on 19 June he had been in his garden at 111 Kolosova Street in the east-south-eastern part of Avdiivka when he had felt an undetermined object hit his head from behind, after which he had fallen to the ground and had seen a bullet on the ground next to him. He said that a neighbour (man, age unknown) had then called an ambulance, which had brought him to a hospital in Avdiivka. On 26 June, at the home of the injured man at the aforementioned address, the SMM observed a bandage on the man's head.

On 30 June, medical staff at a hospital in Avdiivka told the Mission that on 19 June, a man (in his thirties) had been admitted to the hospital with a wound to his head consistent with a gunshot injury.

The SMM also followed up on reports of three men (two of them in their fifties and one in his sixties) injured on 22 May 2021 near non-government-controlled Slovianoserbsk (non-government-controlled, 28km north-west of Luhansk), while fishing by the Siverskyi Donets River.

On 25 June, a man (in his sixties) told the SMM that on 22 May he had been fishing with two friends (in their fifties) by the Siverskyi Donets River, when one of them had stepped on an object that had exploded. He said that while he had run to call for help, he had heard a second explosion, when his second friend stepped on another object. He added that, as he had gone back to collect his belongings, he had stepped on an object that had exploded, injuring his both his legs, one of which, his left leg, had to be amputated.

On 30 June, a man (in his fifties) told the Mission over the phone that on 22 May he had gone fishing by the Siverskyi Donets River with two other men (in their fifties and sixties) and that he had stepped on an object that had exploded. He told the SMM that his right leg had to be amputated and he sustained explosive shrapnel injuries in his left leg.

On the same day, a woman (age unknown), who introduced herself as the wife of one of the injured men (in his fifties) told the Mission over the phone that on 22 May her husband had gone fishing near Slovianoserbsk and that he had sustained injuries to both legs due to the detonation of an explosive object and that his right leg had to be amputated.

On 24 May, medical staff at a hospital in Luhansk city (non-government-controlled) told the SMM that three men (two of them in their fifties and one in his sixties) had been admitted to the hospital on 22 May and that all three of them had lost limbs and had suffered multiple wounds consistent with injuries caused by a mine explosion, but refused to provide additional information, referring the SMM to those in control.*

Disengagement areas near Stanytsia Luhanska, Zolote and Petrivske⁵

While positioned inside the **disengagement area near Stanytsia Luhanska** (government-controlled, 16km north-east of Luhansk), the Mission saw three members of the armed formations (wearing armbands with “JCCC” written on them) south of the repaired span of the Stanytsia Luhanska bridge (15km north-east of Luhansk).

While positioned on the southern edge of Berezivske (non-government-controlled, 53km west of Luhansk), the Mission heard two shots of small-arms fire at an assessed distance of 1km north-west. While positioned about 3km north of Pervomaisk (non-government-controlled, 58km west of Luhansk), the SMM heard three undetermined explosions at an assessed range of 3-5km north-east. All these ceasefire violations were assessed as outside the **disengagement area near Zolote** (government-controlled, 60km west of Luhansk) but within 5km of its periphery.

On 1 July, while positioned near the checkpoint of the armed formations south of the area, the Mission saw five members of the armed formations (wearing armbands with “JCCC” written on them). The SMM again saw the seven previously observed containers located south of the disengagement area’s southern edge and inside the area.

On the night of 30 June - 1 July, the SMM camera about 2km east of Bohdanivka (government-controlled, 41km south-west of Donetsk) recorded 15 projectiles in flight at an assessed range of 2-4km south-east, unable to be assessed as inside or outside the **disengagement area near Petrivske** (non-government-controlled, 41km south of Donetsk).

On 1 July, while positioned at three locations near the area, the SMM observed a calm situation.

Withdrawal of weapons

The SMM continued to monitor the withdrawal of weapons in implementation of the Memorandum and the Package of Measures and its Addendum.

⁵ Disengagement is foreseen in the Framework Decision of the Trilateral Contact Group relating to disengagement of forces and hardware of 21 September 2016.

In violation of withdrawal lines, the SMM saw a probable anti-tank guided missile in a government-controlled area, and seven howitzers and a multiple launch rocket system in non-government-controlled areas, all in Donetsk region.

Beyond withdrawal lines but outside designated storage areas, the Mission saw 26 weapons in government-controlled areas of Donetsk and Luhansk regions, including in a compound and at a railway station, and 82 weapons in three training areas in non-government-controlled areas of Donetsk region. (For further information, see the tables below.)

Indication of military and military-type presence in the security zone

The SMM saw ten armoured combat vehicles in government-controlled areas of Donetsk and Luhansk regions, including in and near residential areas. (For further information, see the table below.)

While positioned about 800m north of Zaichenko (non-government-controlled, 93km south of Donetsk), the Mission observed a non-SMM unmanned aerial vehicle (UAV) flying at an altitude of about 90m, about 100m south of the Mission's position, despite the ban on the operation of any aerial vehicles included in the 22 July 2020 Trilateral Contact Group decision regarding additional measures to strengthen the ceasefire.

Presence of mines near Starohnativka, Bila Kamianka and Pikuzy, Donetsk region

On 26 June, about 4km east of Starohnativka (government-controlled, 51km south of Donetsk), an SMM mini-UAV spotted for the first time five anti-tank mines laid across a road leading to Bila Kamianka (non-government-controlled, 51km south of Donetsk). About 2km further east, the UAV spotted for the first time eight anti-tank mines laid across the same road. All these mines were assessed as belonging to the Ukrainian Armed Forces and unable to be assessed if recently laid. (For previous observations in the area, see [SMM Daily Report 9 March 2020](#).)

At three locations about 40-160m further east on the same road, the same UAV again spotted three anti-tank mines (one of them probable): two laid on the road, and one on the southern edge of the road. All these mines were assessed as belonging to the armed formations. (For previous observations in the areas, see SMM Daily Reports of [17 September 2019](#) and [5 August 2020](#).)

On 30 June, about 20m north-west of a residential house on the north-western edge of Pikuzy (formerly Kominternove, non-government-controlled, 92km south of Donetsk), an SMM mid-range UAV spotted for the first time 15 anti-tank mines laid across a road leading to Talakivka (government-controlled, 90km south of Donetsk) (not visible in imagery from 10 January 2020). About 450m south-south-west, in a residential area of Pikuzy, the same UAV spotted for the first time 18 anti-tank mines laid across road T-0519 (not visible in imagery from 19 April 2021). All these mines were assessed as belonging to the armed formations.

SMM facilitation of maintenance and operation of critical civilian infrastructure

The Mission continued to facilitate the operation of the Donetsk Filtration Station (15km north of Donetsk) and monitored the security situation near the pumping station near Vasylivka (non-government-controlled, 20km north of Donetsk).

Situation at entry-exit checkpoints and corresponding checkpoints

In Donetsk region, the SMM noted that the entry-exit checkpoint (EECP) near Marinka was open while the corresponding checkpoint of the armed formations near Kremiets (non-government-controlled, 16km south-west of Donetsk) was closed.

In Luhansk region, the Mission observed that the EECP near Stanytsia Luhanska and the corresponding checkpoint of the armed formations south of Stanytsia Luhanska bridge were open, with people queueing to travel in both directions.

The SMM also noted that the EECPs near Zolote and Shchastia (government-controlled, 20km north of Luhansk) were open, but that the corresponding checkpoints of the armed formations south of the disengagement area near Zolote and 3km south-east of the bridge in Shchastia were closed. At the latter EECP, the Mission observed a car and two trucks bearing the logo of an international humanitarian organization travelling towards government-controlled areas. About 150m east of the checkpoint 3km south-east of the bridge in Shchastia, the SMM observed a construction assessed as a weighbridge.

Border areas outside government control

While at a border crossing point⁶ near Novoazovsk (102km south-east of Donetsk) for about 1.5 hour, the SMM observed seven cars (including five with “DPR” plates) entering Ukraine and 30 cars (including 18 with “DPR” plates), two trucks (with “DPR” plates, one with covered cargo and one carrying gravel) and three mini-buses (including one with “DPR” plates, with passengers of mixed genders and ages) exiting Ukraine.

The SMM also monitored areas close to the border with the Russian Federation in Donetsk region near Klynkyne (85km south-east of Donetsk) and observed no change in the security situation.

The SMM continued monitoring in Kherson, Lviv, Odessa, Ivano-Frankivsk, Kharkiv, Dnipro, Chernivtsi and Kyiv.

***Restrictions of the SMM’s freedom of movement or other impediments to fulfilment of its mandate**

The SMM’s monitoring and freedom of movement are restricted by security hazards and threats, including risks posed by mines, unexploded ordnance (UXO) and other impediments – which vary from day to day. The SMM’s mandate provides for safe and secure access throughout Ukraine. All signatories of the Minsk agreements have agreed on the need for this safe and secure access, that restriction of the SMM’s freedom of movement constitutes a violation, and on the need for rapid response to these violations. They have also agreed that the Joint Centre for Control and Coordination (JCCC) should contribute to such response and co-ordinate mine clearance. Nonetheless, the armed formations in parts of Donetsk and Luhansk regions frequently deny the SMM access to areas adjacent to Ukraine’s border outside control of the government (for example, see [SMM Daily Report of 30 June](#)

⁶ According to decisions in 2014 by the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine, operations are officially designated as suspended at these and other border crossing points located outside government control.

[2021](#)). The SMM's operations in Donetsk and Luhansk regions remain restricted following [the fatal incident of 23 April 2017 near Pryshyb](#); these restrictions continued to limit the Mission's observations.

Denials:

- On 1 July, at a checkpoint of the armed formations north of Zaichenko (non-government-controlled, 93km south of Donetsk), an armed member of the armed formations denied the SMM passage westwards towards Pikuzy (formerly Kominternove, non-government-controlled, 92km south of Donetsk) and southwards towards Sakhanka (non-government-controlled, 97km south of Donetsk), citing "the SMM's safety" and "demining and engineering activities in the area". While at the checkpoint, the Mission observed civilian traffic passing through in both directions, and it observed a non-SMM UAV flying near the checkpoint. (See above and below.)

Regular restrictions related to disengagement areas and mines/UXO:

- The sides continued to deny the SMM full access, as well as the ability to travel certain roads previously identified as important for effective monitoring by the Mission and for civilians' movement, through failure to conduct comprehensive clearance of mines, UXO and other obstacles.

Other impediments⁷:

- On 24 May, medical staff at a hospital in Luhansk city refused to provide the SMM with additional information regarding three civilian casualties and told the Mission to address those in control with a written request. (See above.)
- On 1 July, an SMM mid-range UAV experienced GPS signal interference, assessed as caused by probable jamming, while flying over areas near Sosnivske (non-government-controlled, 78km south of Donetsk).
- On the same day, the SMM was unable to launch three SMM mid-range UAV flights due to GPS signal interference, assessed as caused by probable jamming, in areas near Olenivka (non-government-controlled, 23km south-west of Donetsk), Styla (non-government-controlled, 34km south of Donetsk) and Kurdiumivka (government-controlled, 54km north of Donetsk).
- Also on the same day, ten SMM mini-UAVs experienced GPS signal interference, assessed as caused by probable jamming, during one flight over areas near Olenivka, Sarabash (formerly Komunarivka, non-government-controlled, 26km south of Donetsk), Styla, Kodema (government-controlled, 57km north-east of Donetsk), Kurdiumivka, Bila Hora (government-controlled, 54km north of Donetsk), Klishchiiivka (government-controlled, 60km north of Donetsk), Pavlopil (government-controlled, 84km south of Donetsk), Stepnyi Yar (government-controlled, 57km north-west of Luhansk) and Kalynove-Borshchuvate (non-government-controlled, 61km west of Luhansk); and during two flights over areas near Yasne (non-government-controlled, 30km south-west of Donetsk) and areas near Horlivka (non-government-controlled, 39km north-east of Donetsk).

⁷ For cases of probable jamming and jamming mentioned in this section, the interferences could have originated from anywhere within the radius of tens of kilometres from the UAVs' positions.

Tables of weapons

Weapons in violation of withdrawal lines

Date	No. of weapons	Type of weapon	Location	Source of observation
Government-controlled areas				
29/6/2021	1	Probable anti-tank guided missile (9K111 <i>Fagot</i> , 120mm)	Near Starohnativka (51km south of Donetsk)	Mini-UAV
Non-government-controlled areas				
29/6/2021	5	Self-propelled howitzer (2S1 <i>Gvozdika</i> , 122mm)	In a training area near Ternove (57km east of Donetsk), where the Mission also spotted 16 armoured combat vehicles and 11 armoured utility vehicles (UAZ-23632-148 <i>Esaul</i>). ⁸	Mini-UAV
	2	Towed howitzer (D-30A <i>Lyagushka</i> , 122mm)		
	1	Multiple launch rocket system (BM-21 <i>Grad-1</i> , 122mm)		

Weapons beyond withdrawal lines but outside designated storage sites

Date	No. of weapons	Type of weapon	Location	Source of observation
Government-controlled areas				
29/6/2021	1	Self-propelled anti-aircraft system (2K22 <i>Tunguska</i>)	In a compound in Ocheretyne (31km north-west of Donetsk)	Long-range UAV
30/6/2021	6	Surface-to-air missile system (9K35 <i>Strela-10</i>)	At a railway station in Rubizhne (84km north-west of Luhansk), where the Mission also spotted 21 armoured combat vehicles. ⁹	Mini-UAV
	1	Self-propelled anti-aircraft system (2K22 <i>Tunguska</i>)		
	6	Anti-tank gun (MT-12 <i>Rapira</i> , 100mm)		
	3	Towed howitzer (D-30A <i>Lyagushka</i> , 122mm)		
	9	Anti-tank guided missile system (9P148 <i>Konkurs</i> , 135mm)		
Non-government-controlled areas				
29/6/2021	49	Tank (T-72B)	In a training area near Ternove (57km east of Donetsk)	Mini-UAV
	3	Self-propelled howitzer (2S1 <i>Gvozdika</i> , 122mm)	In a training area near Pokrovka (41km east of Donetsk), where the Mission also spotted 24 armoured combat vehicles and three anti-aircraft guns. ¹⁰	
	3	Anti-tank gun (MT-12 <i>Rapira</i> , 100mm)		
	3	Towed howitzer (D-30A <i>Lyagushka</i> , 122mm)		
	13	Tank (T-72B)		
	3	Multiple launch rocket system (BM-21 <i>Grad-1</i> , 122mm)		
1/7/2021	8	Tank (six T-72 and two T-64)	In a training area near Oleksandrivske (formerly Rozy Liuksemburh, 90km south-east of Donetsk)	Patrol

Table of military and military-type presence in the security zone¹¹

Date	No.	Type	Location	Source of observation
Government-controlled areas				
26/6/2021	1	Infantry fighting vehicle (BMP-2)	Near Starohnativka (51km south of Donetsk)	Mid-range UAV
	2	Armoured combat vehicle (type undetermined)	Near Novohryhorivka (55km south of Donetsk)	
	1	Infantry fighting vehicle (BMP-2)		

⁸ The armoured combat vehicles and armoured utility vehicles mentioned in this section are not proscribed by the provisions of the Minsk agreements on the withdrawal of weapons.

⁹ The armoured combat vehicles mentioned in this section are not proscribed by the provisions of the Minsk agreements on the withdrawal of weapons.

¹⁰ The armoured combat vehicles and anti-aircraft mentioned in this section are not proscribed by the provisions of the Minsk agreements on the withdrawal of weapons.

¹¹ The hardware mentioned in this section is not proscribed by the provisions of the Minsk agreements on the withdrawal of weapons.

29/6/2021	2	Infantry fighting vehicle (probable BMP variant)	Near Starohnativka (51km south of Donetsk)	Mini-UAV
	1	Armoured combat vehicle (type undetermined)	Near Slavne (26km south-west of Donetsk)	Long-range UAV
1/7/2021	1	Armoured reconnaissance vehicle (BRDM-2)	In a residential area of Taramchuk (29km south-west of Donetsk)	Patrol
	1	Armoured personnel carrier (BTR-70)	Near a residential area of Zolote-2/Karbonit (62km west of Luhansk)	
	1	Infantry fighting vehicle (BMP-2)	In a residential area of Popasna (69km west of Luhansk)	

Table of ceasefire violations as of 1 July 2021¹²

SMM position	Event location	Means	No.	Observation	Description	Weapon	Date, time
SMM camera 2km E of Bohdanivka (government-controlled, 41km SW of Donetsk)	2-4km SE	Recorded	1	Projectile	WSW to ENE (unable to be assessed if inside or outside the disengagement area near Petrivske)	N/K	30-Jun, 23:48
	2-4km SE	Recorded	8	Projectile	WSW to ENE (unable to be assessed if inside or outside the disengagement area near Petrivske)	N/K	30-Jun, 23:49
	2-4km SE	Recorded	1	Projectile	WSW to ENE (unable to be assessed if inside or outside the disengagement area near Petrivske)	N/K	1-Jul, 00:51
	2-4km SE	Recorded	1	Projectile	WSW to ENE (unable to be assessed if inside or outside the disengagement area near Petrivske)	N/K	1-Jul, 01:01
	2-4km SE	Recorded	1	Projectile	WSW to ENE (unable to be assessed if inside or outside disengagement area near Petrivske)	N/K	1-Jul, 02:12
	2-4km SE	Recorded	2	Projectile	WSW to ENE (unable to be assessed if inside or outside the disengagement area near Petrivske)	N/K	1-Jul, 02:26
	2-4km SE	Recorded	1	Projectile	WSW to ENE (unable to be assessed if inside or outside the disengagement area near Petrivske)	N/K	1-Jul, 02:40
SMM camera 1km SW of Shyrokyne (government-controlled, 100km S of Donetsk)	4-6km N	Recorded	5	Projectile	E to W	N/K	1-Jul, 00:35
	4-6km N	Recorded	1	Explosion	Undetermined	N/K	1-Jul, 00:36
	4-6km NNE	Recorded	1	Projectile	E to W	N/K	1-Jul, 00:38
	4-6km NNE	Recorded	1	Projectile	SE to NW	N/K	1-Jul, 00:47
	4-6km NNE	Recorded	1	Explosion	Impact, subsequent to previous event	N/K	1-Jul, 00:47
	4-6km NNE	Recorded	1	Explosion	Undetermined	N/K	1-Jul, 00:47
	4-6km NNE	Recorded	1	Projectile	E to W	N/K	1-Jul, 01:14
	4-6km NNE	Recorded	1	Projectile	E to W	N/K	1-Jul, 01:32
SMM camera in Svitlodarsk (government-controlled, 57km NE of Donetsk)	5-7km WSW	Recorded	1	Illumination flare	In vertical flight		1-Jul, 01:52
Horlivka (non-government-controlled, 39km NE of Donetsk)	3-4km NW	Heard	4	Explosion	Undetermined	N/K	30-Jun, 21:24-21:27
	4-6km NW	Heard	3	Explosion	Undetermined	N/K	30-Jun, 22:11
	4-6km NW	Heard	31	Shots and bursts		HMG	30-Jun, 22:14
	4-6km NW	Heard	6	Explosion	Undetermined	N/K	30-Jun, 22:14-22:16
	4-6km NW	Heard	301	Shots and bursts		HMG	30-Jun, 22:16-22:32
	4-6km NW	Heard	6	Explosion	Undetermined	N/K	30-Jun, 22:32-22:36

¹² The table only includes ceasefire violations directly observed by SMM patrols or recorded by the SMM cameras, and it may include those also assessed to be live-fire exercises, controlled detonations, etc. Details provided – in terms of distance, direction, weapons-type, etc. – are based on assessments provided by monitors on the ground and technical monitoring officers, and are not always necessarily precise. When information is not known (indicated with an “N/K”), the SMM was unable to ascertain such information due to distance, weather conditions technical limitations and/or other considerations. Ceasefire violations recorded by more than one patrol/camera and assessed to be the same are entered only once.

SMM position	Event location	Means	No.	Observation	Description	Weapon	Date, time
	4-6km NW	Heard	5	Shots and bursts		HMG	30-Jun, 22:36-22:38
	3-4km NW	Heard	6	Explosion	Undetermined	N/K	30-Jun, 22:39-22:43
	4-6km NW	Heard	160	Shots and bursts		HMG	30-Jun, 22:44-22:48
	4-6km NW	Heard	12	Explosion	Undetermined	N/K	30-Jun, 22:51-22:53
	4-6km NW	Heard	349	Shots and bursts		HMG	30-Jun, 22:53-23:14
Oleksandrivka (non-government-controlled, 20km SW of Donetsk)	5-7km WNW	Heard	17	Burst		HMG	1-Jul, 10:40-11:00
Kadiivka (formerly Stakhanov, non-government-controlled, 50km W of Luhansk)	8-10km W	Heard	2	Explosion	Undetermined	N/K	30-Jun, 19:29-19:30
	8-10km W	Heard	31	Burst		HMG	30-Jun, 21:10-21:11
3km north of Pervomaisk (non-government-controlled, 58km W of Luhansk)	3-5km NE	Heard	3	Explosion	Undetermined (assessed as outside the disengagement area near Zolote)	N/K	1-Jul, 10:31-10:35
E edge of Buhaiivka (non-government-controlled, 37km SW of Luhansk)	1-2km S	Heard and saw	12	Explosion	Outgoing	Tank (type unknown)	1-Jul, 11:47-12:05
	1-2km S	Heard	60	Shot		Small arms	1-Jul, 11:51-12:05
	1-2km S	Heard	1	Burst		Small arms	1-Jul, 11:54
S edge of Berezivske (non-government-controlled, 53km W of Luhansk)	1km NW	Heard	2	Shot	Assessed as outside the disengagement area near Zolote	Small arms	1-Jul, 14:50-14:55

Map of Donetsk and Luhansk regions¹³



¹³ The SMM is deployed to ten locations throughout Ukraine – Kherson, Odessa, Lviv, Ivano-Frankivsk, Kharkiv, Donetsk, Dnipro, Chernivtsi, Luhansk and Kyiv – as per Permanent Council Decision 1117 of 21 March 2014. This map of eastern Ukraine is meant for illustrative purposes and indicates locations mentioned in the report, as well as those where the SMM has offices (monitoring teams, patrol hubs and forward patrol bases) in Donetsk and Luhansk regions. (In red: a forward patrol base from which SMM staff have temporarily relocated based on recommendations of security experts from participating States, as well as SMM security considerations. The SMM uses the premises during daylight hours and also patrols in this settlement during daylight hours).